# Design Build Institute of America (DBIA)

#### "DESIGN BUILD LESSONS LEARNED"

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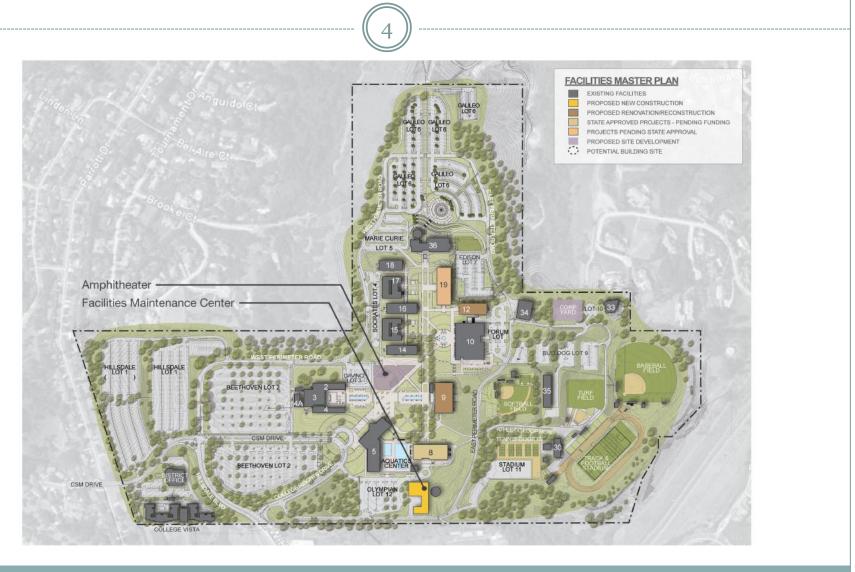
**SEPTEMBER 18, 2012** 

# San Mateo County Community College District

- Three Campuses (1.4M GSF / 346 Acres)
  - Cañada College Redwood City 1968
  - o Skyline College San Bruno 1969
  - o College of San Mateo San Mateo 1963
  - District Office San Mateo 1978
- 25,000 Students / 1,000 Staff / Adjuncts
- \$900M Capital Improvement Program
  - Multiple Funding Sources
  - Multiple Delivery Methods

#### Cañada College Facilities Master Plan 2011 3 CAMPUS CIRCLE Alternative locations for Science, Allied Health, & Workforce Development Building FACILITIES MASTER PLAN EXISTING FACILITIES PROPOSED NEW CONSTRUCTION PROPOSED RENOVATION/RECONSTRUCTION STATE APPROVED PROJECTS - PENDING FUNDING PROJECTS PENDING STATE APPROVAL PROPOSED SITE DEVELOPMENT Parking Expansion (POTENTIAL BUILDING SITE North Quad Development WEST ENTRY DRIVE Alternative locations -for Multi-Use Field or Solar Array THE LOOP ROA WOODHILL DRIVE FARM HILL BOULEVARD

### College of San Mateo Facilities Master Plan 2011



# Skyline College Facilities Master Plan 2011



### SMCCCD's Experience with Design Build: New/Modernization

- CAN Vista 60-unit Faculty & Staff Housing -\$13M
- CAN Gateways \$7.6
- CSM College Heights 44-unit Faculty & Staff Housing \$8M
- CSM CIP 2 (\$172.5)
  - CSM 5, Health & Wellness Building \$41M
  - CSM 10, College Center \$60.5M
  - CSM Site Work / Electrical Infrastructure/Chiller/Parking \$71M
- CSM 9,15,17 & 34, Hillsdale Parking (Hike Project) \$10M
- CSM 36, Science Building with Planetarium & Observatory \$19.5M
- SKY CIP 2 (\$57M)
  - SKY 4, Cosmetology, Administration & Wellness Center \$33M
  - SKY 11, Automotive Transmission Lab Building \$6M
  - SKY Site Work / Electrical Infrastructure/Parking \$18M
- SKY 6, Student & Community Center & SKY 7, Science Building \$21.5M
- DW Athletic Fields \$18M
- DW Energy Efficiency -\$18M

# Why Design Build?

### • To Owner

- Faster to market
- Increased value
- Know what they are getting for available dollars

### • To Builder

- o Early involvement to allow for design and budget input
- Early project planning to encourage creative solutions
- Subjective contract award lowest final cost objective

### • To Architect

- People we like working with mutual relationship
- Opportunity to learn with builder
- Design experience vs. project type deep experience
- Beneficial economics (if you're good at it)

## Why Design Build?

One team with common goals

### • Single Responsibility

- No finger pointing
- Eliminates legal triangle
- Continuity of team across entire project
- Increased collaboration
- Active client participation
- Enhanced open and honest communication
- Increased value

# Why Design Build?

#### • Cost Control – Stipulated Sum

- **•** Fixed limit of construction costs
- Feedback for better design and construction documents

#### Better Technology

- Learn from the people who make and install building systems
- Designer participation in practical application
- Flexibility to get the most current technology
- Perfect Design Build Team
  - Knows design
  - Knows the builder

#### Project Specific

- What one persons knows is available to all
- Contractor isn't plotting for claims and change orders
- Communications, documentation & costs are transparent
- Compressed Schedule: move-in sooner
- Satisfying Relationship between Owner / Architect / Builder
- Unforeseen Conditions in Renovations: Flexibility & Quick Response
- Price Certainty

# District Guidelines / Process

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### • The Design Build Road Map

- Selecting a Project for Design Build Delivery
- BOT Resolution
- CCCO Project Approval / Notification Process
- Bridging
- Public Notification
- Prequalification
- Request for Qualification (RFQ)
- Request for Proposal (RFP) Stipulated Sum Best Value
  - Confidential Meetings (x3)
  - × Site Surveys
- RFP Interviews
- Selection
- Stipend
- Award

### Lessons Learned: Prequalification

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#### • Who

- o General Contractor
- Architect(s) of Record
- Principal Engineer(s)
- Major Design Build Subcontractors

#### • Criteria

- Construction Experience
- Contractor's License
- Work History
- Litigation and Arbitration History
- Disqualification from Previous Projects
- Compliance with Statutory Requirements and Safety
- Prevailing Wage Requirements
- o Project Personnel
- o Insurance Requirements
- Bonding Information
- Financial Information

## Lessons Learned: Bridging Process

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Budget should be understood by ALL

### Bridging Architect

- Educational Master Plan\*
- Facilities Master Plan
- o Owner
- o User Group

### Decision Making (Deliberate & Collegial)

- o Owner
- End User
- Contractor
- How Detailed?
  - o Concept vs. SD's vs. DD's
- Confidential Meetings (x3)

### Lessons Learned: RFP Evaluation

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#### • Assemble Review Team

• Administrators / Faculty / M&O / CM Firm

- Allow Sufficient Review Time
- Clearly Identify Evaluation Criteria
- Develop Scoring Matrix (Keep It Simple)
  - Price (Stipulated Sum)
    - × Alternates
    - × Exceptions
  - o Technical Expertise
  - o Life Cycle Costs
  - o Skilled Labor Force
  - o Acceptable Safety Record
  - o Architectural Aesthetics and Design Innovation
  - o Project Management Plan
  - Program Requirements
  - Logistics (Occupied Campus)

# **Proposal Evaluation Criteria**

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| FACTORS |                                      | <b>Maximum Points</b> |
|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1.      | Price and Cost Management Plan*      | 20                    |
| 2.      | Technical Expertise                  | 10                    |
| 3.      | Life Cycle Costs over 25 Years       | 10                    |
| 4.      | Skilled Labor Force Availability     | 10                    |
| 5.      | Acceptable Safety Record*            | 10                    |
| 6.      | Design Management Plan               | 10                    |
| 7.      | <b>Construction Management Plan</b>  | 10                    |
| 8.      | Schedule                             | 10                    |
| 9.      | Legal and Other Program Requirements | 5                     |
| 10.     | Risk Management Plan                 | 5                     |
|         | TOTAL (Maximu                        | ım) 100 points        |

### Lessons Learned: College

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- Program changes
- Fixed schedule
- Campus decision making
- Budget for know and unknown
- Unforeseen conditions
- Coordinate FF&E with DBE
- Accelerated occupancy
- Plan view vs. reality

### Lessons Learned: Design Standards / Documentation

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#### Design Standards

- Communications
- Materials
- Fixtures
- Hardware
- Color Palette
- Plant Species
- BMS Controls –
- Flooring, Etc.

#### • LEED

### Commissioning

- o Design
- Construction
- Post Occupancy 12 Mos.

#### Documentation

- Design Build Contract
- o Division OO & O1
- o Outline Specifications
- Room Data Sheets
- Meeting Notes
  - × Distribution
- CM Software "IMPACT"
  - o RFIs
  - o Submittals
  - Meeting Notes
  - Change Orders

### Lessons Learned: Schedule

#### • Ambitious vs. Conservative

- Fast-Track
- o Normal Schedule
- Academic Calendar
  - Start of Classes
  - Spring Break
  - o Finals
  - o Commencement
  - o Special Events

### • <u>Owner / End User</u>Wild Card

- Added Scope
- Owner Requirements
   Pre-Turnover
  - o Surplus/Salvage Process
  - o Hazmat Removal
  - o Infrastructure As-Builts
    - × Not Reliable
    - × Physical Inspection
    - × X-Ray

### Lessons Learned: DBE & DSA

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#### • DSA Buy-In Approach

- Include District (Owner) participation
- Establish a contact person at DSA
- Schedule early and appropriate meetings
- Establish firm agreed upon DSA submittal dates
- Document meetings and agreed upon discussions with attendees
- Describe incremental or phase submittals & deliverables & obtain buy-in
- Involve structural engineer and other key consultants
- Follow requested procedure and information for submittals
- o Clearly identify documents requiring approval
- Provide sufficient reference CDs for reviewer information

### Lessons Learned: Partnering Session

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#### • Who

- Owner / Key End Users
- Contractor
- Designers
- o IOR

#### • What

- Understand Each Other's Interest
- Agreed upon Rules of Engagement
  - × Establish Chain of Command
  - × Establish Forms of Communication
  - × Establish Decision & Approval Process

### Lessons Learned: Influence

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#### • District Able to Influence

- o Design Builder Relationship
- o Alignment of Scope with Stipulated Sum
- Initial Schedule
- Effective Qualification Process
- Extent & Depth of Control Bridging Documents

#### • District Challenged to Influence & Control

- o Dynamics of DSA Process
- o Construction Schedule
- Changing Market Conditions
- Constituents
- o Owner / End User Scope Creep

#### • No Influence

- Weather
- Materials Cost

### Lessons Learned: Architect

- A complete set of bridging documents is important for establishing scope, budget and limit of work
- More disclosure of project costs throughout the process is helpful to ensure best value
- Additive alternates should be developed early on in the design process and documented to address potential escalation and de-escalation issues
- Consistency in partnering agreements throughout the process
- Clear, consistent direction from the client regarding programming and committee input

- Complete performance and quality criteria program
  - Equal level of detail for all elements of program
  - Define the functional relationships of user groups
  - Define the adjacency relationships of user groups
  - Define materials, systems and quality criteria
    - × District Standards

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• Perform comprehensive evaluation of existing conditions. Don't use historical data.

- o Soils
- o Civil
- Infrastructure
- Hazardous Materials
- Impact of dotted line
  - Project boundaries

• Provide Owner Representative with Responsibility and Authority

Negotiate between and manage user groups
Differentiate between user wishes and needs.

### • Implementation of change after selection

- Scope change is disruptive to flow of team
- Just as in Design-Bid-Build, additive and deductive changes will result in DBE administrative and design costs in addition to the hard costs. (DB is not a pass to continuously design and redesign.)

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- Bundle "like projects" into a single program to take advantage of economies of scale
  - Reduce the waste of multiple teams repeating learning and mistakes
  - Multiple DSA permit applications allow response to college planning, design processes and construction sequencing
  - Allows flexibility in delivery and leveling of resources to reduce cost and schedule

### Lessons Learned: General Contractor

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- Early on, define the end users that will be decision makers
- Do not assume that the other team members know what aspects of the job are most important to your organization
  - Owner/Architect design feature is crown jewel
  - Contractor may see same item as prime opportunity for VE
  - Open and continuous communication
- Engage the team early in the process (owner/end users/designers/builders)
- Collaboration during the entire process sets the tone for the entire project
- Include a section in the RFP that allows the DBE to either add scope or deduct scope to conform to the stipulated sum
- Do not require more RFP deliverables than the owner needs to make a selection
- Set interim design milestones, and track diligently
- Take great care of your owner!

### Lessons Learned: General Contractor

- Designing in BIM on a very aggressive schedule may require a concurrent 2D path for estimating and contracting.
- The DBE Team needs to read and edit specifications carefully before issuing to the owner.
- Ensure adequate time for stakeholder input.
- Conduct preliminary review meetings with the regulatory agencies (DSA, etc.).

### Lessons Learned: Not a Panacea

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- Owner Sophistication
- Owner Indecision
- Dynamics of an Occupied Campus
- Construction Schedule Inflexibility
  - Academic Constraints
  - Weather Constraints
- Interpersonal Dynamics
- Market Conditions

### Summary

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### • Design Build is working

- o Partner / Team Approach
- Management of Constituent & DBE Expectations

### • Communicate, Communicate, Communicate

- o Owner / End User
- Contractor
- Designer
- o IOR
- Permitting Agencies

### Future Projects 2012-2013

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- CAN 1 Fitness Center & Aquatics \$30M
   Demolition & New Construction
- CSM 8 Fitness Center \$25M
  - Demolition & New Construction
- DW Athletics Field Replacement \$6M

# **Question & Answer**

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